

## LEARNING DISABILITIES Data Sheet

**Fig. 1: WHO ICD-10 table**

ICD-10 Level of Learning Disability Associated with IQ		
F70	Mild	50-69
F71	Moderate	35-49
F72	Severe	20-34
F73	Profound	<20

Source: World Health Organisation

**Fig. 2: People aged 18-64 predicted to have a learning disability, by age**

	2014	2015	2020	2025	2030
People aged 18-24 predicted to have a learning disability	382	376	354	366	423
People aged 25-34 predicted to have a learning disability	717	720	727	715	690
People aged 35-44 predicted to have a learning disability	749	761	823	870	882
People aged 45-54 predicted to have a learning disability	687	700	730	752	811
People aged 55-64 predicted to have a learning disability	463	475	560	632	653
<b>Total population aged 18-64 predicted to have a learning disability</b>	<b>2,998</b>	<b>3,032</b>	<b>3,193</b>	<b>3,335</b>	<b>3,459</b>

Source: PANSI

**Fig. 3: People aged 65 and over predicted to have a learning disability, by age**

	2014	2015	2020	2025	2030
People aged 65-74 predicted to have a learning disability	341	348	378	393	464
People aged 75-84 predicted to have a learning disability	196	198	219	268	290
People aged 85 and over predicted to have a learning disability	82	84	98	115	138
<b>Total population aged 65 and over predicted to have a learning disability</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>776</b>	<b>892</b>

Source: POPPI

**Fig. 4: People in Sutton predicted to have a moderate or severe learning disability, and likely to be in receipt of services, by age**

Age group	2014	2015	2020	2025	2030
People aged 18-64	686	694	733	767	798
People aged 65+	84	86	93	102	118
<b>Total</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>916</b>

Sources: POPPI and PANSI

**Fig. 5: Uptake of Cervical Screening within the Eligible Population**

Cervical Screening	Population	% Uptake
Total Eligible Population	55,000	
Total Eligible Population who received a cervical smear test	39,108	71%
Total Eligible Population with Learning Disabilities	238	
Total Eligible Population with LD who received a cervical smear test	49	21%

Sources: Joint Health and Social Care Self-Assessment Framework. Learning Disabilities Observatory, Improving Health and Lives. Final Submission 08/12/2013

**Fig. 6: Uptake of Breast Screening within the Eligible Population**

Breast Screening	Population	% Uptake
Total Eligible Population	20,770	
Total Eligible Population who received a cervical smear test	15,224	73%
Total Eligible Population with Learning Disabilities	154	
Total Eligible Population with LD who received a cervical smear test	49	32%

Sources: Joint Health and Social Care Self-Assessment Framework. Learning Disabilities Observatory. Improving Health and Lives. Final Submission 08/12/2013

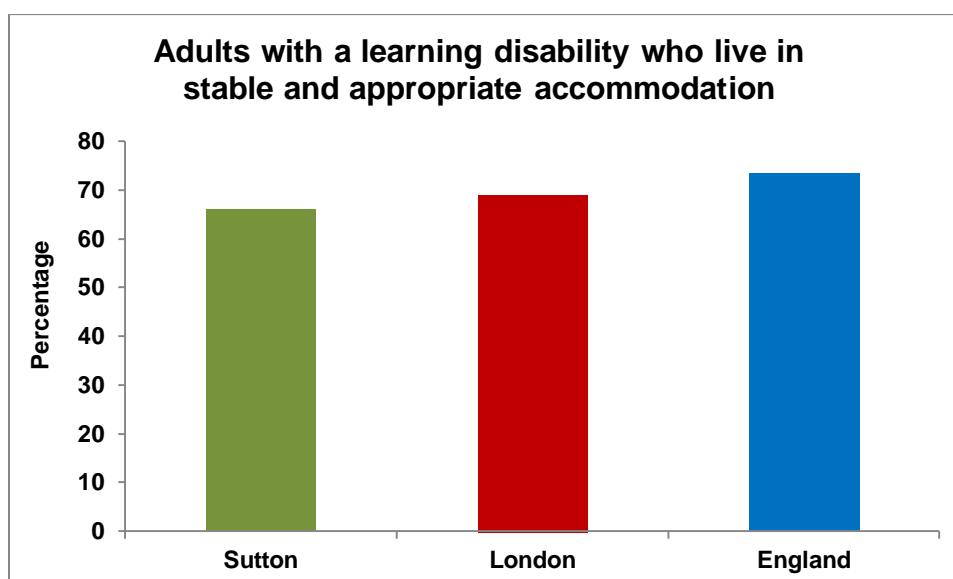


**Fig. 7: Uptake of Bowel Screening within the Eligible Population**

Bowel Screening	Population	% Uptake
Total Eligible Population	18,249	
Total Eligible Population who received a bowel test	5,260	28%
Total Eligible Population with Learning Disabilities	86	
Total Eligible Population with LD who received a cervical smear test	17	20%

Sources: Joint Health and Social Care Self-Assessment Framework. Learning Disabilities Observatory. Improving Health and Lives. Final Submission 08/12/2013

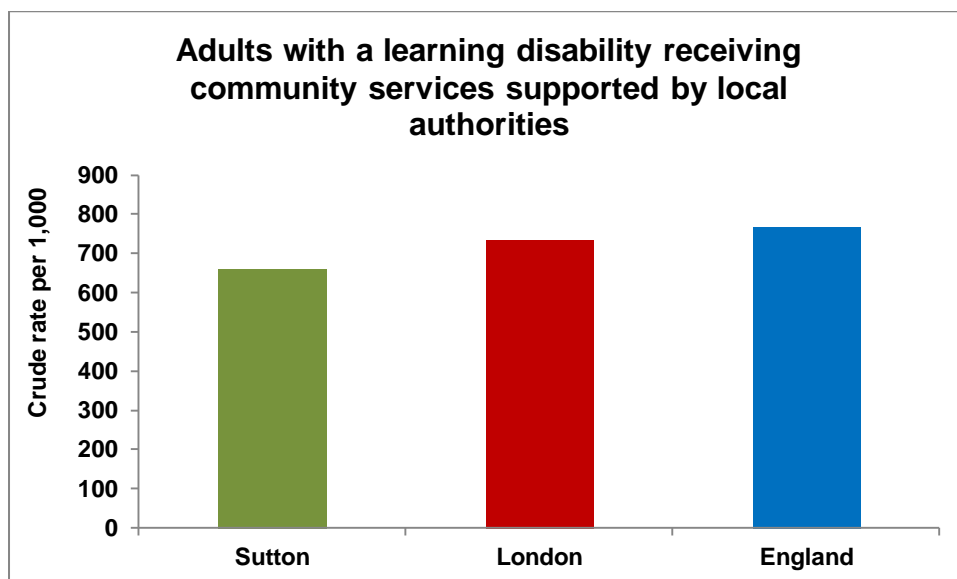
**Fig. 8: Adults with a learning disability who live in stable and appropriate accommodation, percentage, 2014-15**



Source: Public Health Outcomes Framework

Note: Working-age learning disabled clients who are living in their own home as a percentage of working-age learning disabled clients (aged 18-64). The person is living in the community either on his or her own or with family or friends and is not, for example, in hospital or a residential or nursing home.

**Fig. 9: Adults with a learning disability receiving community services, 2014-15**

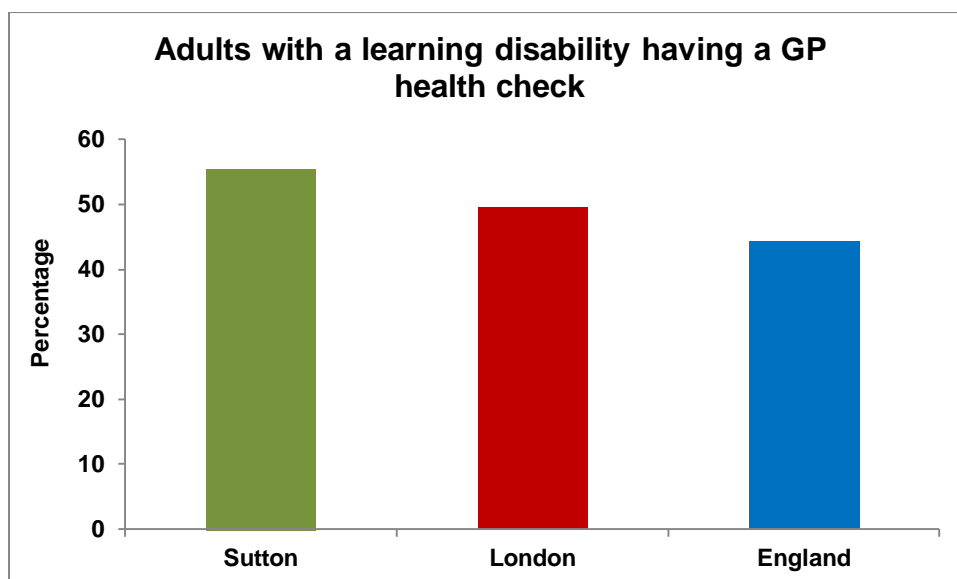


Source: Public Health England, Learning Disability Profile

Note: People aged 18-64 with a learning disability receiving community services

This measure shows the number of people aged 18-64 with a learning disability who have received a community-based service during the year as a percentage of the total number of people aged 18-64 with a learning disability who are known to the Council. Community-based services include home care (domiciliary care), day services, direct payments, and occupational therapy equipment and adaptations.

**Fig. 10: Adults with a learning disability having a GP health check, 2013/14**



Source: Public Health England, Learning Disability Profiles